ALMA Solar Ephemeris Generator

User manual

for version 0.6

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Description

ALMA Solar Ephemeris Generator is a software tool for easy generation of ephemeris files compatible with ALMA Observing Tool (OT) for user selectable regions on the Sun. It was developed for easy preparation of solar observations with the Atacama Large Millimeter-submillimeter Array (ALMA). It can be used to create dummy ephemeris files to be included in the ALMA solar proposals but mainly it is used just prior the actual solar observations.

Usage

The Principal Investigator (PI) of the solar ALMA project or the Astronomer on Duty (AoD) may use this tool to prepare the ephemeris file of the solar feature desired to be observed. ALMA Solar Ephemeris Generator was developed with a focus on easy and intuitive usage. The tool consists of the following panels which are ordered sequentially:

Select user interface	—	selection between graphical (GUI) and text user interface
Input FITS file (GUI only)	_	user first selects or uploads a solar FITS file
Visualization (GUI only)	_	user adjusts the parameters for viewing the FITS file
Image display (GUI only)	_	user navigates around the image (pan and zoom) and selects
		the desired feature (click)
Pointing	_	a table of the coordinates of the selected feature in various coordinate systems (GUI) or manual specification of target (text)
Observation	_	user enters the desired parameters of the observation and finally generates the ephemeris

Select user interface

Select user interface	1
 GUI (by clicking on the solar image) Text (manual input of coordinates) 	

ALMA Solar Ephemeris Generator provides two user interfaces: graphical (GUI) and text. In graphical mode, a user selects the target simply by clicking on the solar image. In text mode, the helioprojective Cartesian (HPC) coordinates are entered manually.

GUI interface

Input FITS file

Input	FITS file				
File:	AIA image (local)	~	Browse	No file select	ed.
Date:	2016-11-28T20:09:53	.84 Size	e: 1024 x 102	4 Format: 32	View header

User can select between:

- AIA image (local) last used AIA image, locally saved (if allowed by the server)
- one of the available SDO/AIA channels (see table below)
- AIA image (for testing)

AIA channel (Angstroms)	Source	Region	Characteristic temperature (K)
94	Fe XVIII	Flaring regions	6.3×10^{6}
131	Fe VIII, XX, XXIII	Flaring regions	4×10 ⁵ , 10 ⁷ , 1.6×10 ⁷
171	Fe IX	Quiet corona, upper transition region	6.3×10 ⁵
193	Fe XII, XXIV	Corona. hot flare plasma	1.2×10 ⁶ , 2x10 ⁷
211	Fe XIV	Active region corona	2×10 ⁶
304	He II	Chromosphere, transition region	50000
335	Fe XVI	Active region corona	2.5×10^{6}
1600	C IV + continuum	Transition region, upper photosphere	10 ⁵ , 5000
1700	continuum	Temperature minimum, photosphere	5000
4500	continuum	Photosphere	5000

The user can also upload his own FITS image. This image should conform to the FITS standard, be without compression and needs to have solar WCS keywords as defined by Thompson (2006):

- DATE-OBS
- CRPIXn
- CRVALn
- CDELTn
- CROTA2
- CRUNIT
- CRLN
- CRLT

Without these keywords ALMA Solar Ephemeris Generator will not function properly.

Visualization

Visualization-		
Scaling function	on: cuberoot v Color: heat v Frame < 0	> of
1.		
Show grid	Stonyhurst v	
Show ALM	IA 12m beam size in band: Band 3 v	
cursor (wcs) =	(586.93,326.83), intensity = 632	

Scaling function is used to scale the FITS data values for better visual presentation. Available functions are:

- linear no scaling, use original FITS data
- sqrt
- cube root
- log
- sqrt-log
- log-log

Color selects the colormap: gray, heat, A or B (as in SAOImage DS9). In multi-frame FITS images, frame selects the desired image. Show grid overlays a coordinate grid over the image, Stonyhurst heliographic, Carrington heliographic or helioprojective Cartesian. Show ALMA 12m beam size overlays the 12m ALMA antenna FoV in a selected ALMA band.

Image display



The user can use the mouse or touch input to move the image around. Zoom in/out is achieved by clicking the "+" or "-" buttons or with mouse scroll button. Clicking without dragging will select the desired feature and a green cross will mark the position. If Show ALMA 12m beam size is checked then the circle marking the 12m antenna FoV will also appear and if mosaic is selected, a blue box will be visible too.

Pointing

Pointing				
Pixel (x,	y)	372.05	744.96	
Heliopro	ojective (x, y)	-334.67	560.30	arcsec
Heliogra	aphic (CMD, B)	335.077	35.602	degrees
Heliogra	aphic (L, B)	128.039	35.602	degrees
	aic observation			
Width:	120	arcsec		
Height:	60	arcsec		
Angle:	0	degrees		

The coordinates of the selected feature are displayed in four coordinate systems: pixel (from FITS), helioprojective Cartesian, Stonyhurst heliographic and Carrington heliographic. A manual input into

any of the fields is possible and all the other fields will update automatically. It is also possible to select a feature outside the solar disc. In that case, no heliographic coordinates will be displayed.

Here it is also possible to visualize the required box size and angle for a mosaic observation. Note that angle is in heliographic frame (0 degrees means solar east-west). To get the sky angle (in equatorial RA-Dec frame) as required by ALMA Observing Tool, user should add solar P angle to angle value:

angle_sky (for OT) = angle_sun + solar_P

Text interface

Pointing

Pointing		
Reference date:		
HPC X:	HPC Y:	arcsec
Sun distance:	► m	Ace
P: BU:	v L0:	j deg
Get from JPL Horizons		

The coordinates of the target in text mode are entered as helioprojective Cartesian coordinates with a reference date. Reference date should be entered in ISO date format YYYY-MM-DDTHH:NN:SS. For the calculation of ephemerides, several solar parameters at the reference date are needed: Sun distance from the observer in meters, solar position (P) angle, and heliographic latitude (B0) and longitude (L0) of the solar center as seen by the observer. If unknown, these quantities can be acquired from JPL Horizons service by clicking "Get from JPL Horizons". Note that JPL Horizons returned values are based on ALMA observing site and not the actual observer position which can introduce a negligible error.

Observation

Here the parameters of the observation are specified. For start and end date use ISO date format YYYY-MM-DDTHH:NN:SS. Step size is the step between consecutive entries in the ephemeris. Differential rotation profile specifies which profile will be used for the calculation of the feature position in time. Several predefined profiles are available:

No rotation -	a feature is fixed as if the Sun is not rotating at all. Note that because of the Earth revolution, the coordinates of the feature
	will change.
Solid rotation (Carrington) -	a solid rotation where the Sun rotates as solid body
Sunspot groups -	profile derived from sunspot groups (Sudar et al. 2014)
H-alpha filaments -	profile derived from observation of filaments visible in H-alpha
	images (Brajša et al. 1991)
Coronal bright points -	profile derived from movements of coronal bright points in
	SOHO/EIT images (Wöhl et al. 2010)
User specified -	user specified rotation profile in typical form
	$\omega = A + B \sin^2 \varphi + C \sin^4 \varphi$ where φ is heliographic latitude and
	A, B and C are given in degrees per day.

-Observation	
Start of observation (UT):	2016-12-05T14:50:01
End of observation (UT):	2016-12-07T14:50:01
Step size (minutes):	15
Differential rotation profile:	Sunspot groups (Sudar et al., 2014) 🔹 🗸
A: 14.499 🔊 B: -2.64	C: 0 Odeg/day
Height above photosphere (km):	0
Generate ephemeris Show or	iginal JPL file Show ephemeris table
Revised : Jul 31, 2013 PHYSICAL PROPERTIES (revised Jan GM (10^11 km^3/s^2) = 1.327124 Radius (photosphere) = 6.963(10 Solar Radius (IAU) = 6.955(10 Surface gravity = 274.0 m Escape velocity = 617.7 k Pole (RA,DEC in deg.) = 286.13, Solar constant (1 AU) = 1367.6 W Mass-energy conv rate = 4.3(10^11 Surf. temp (photosphr) = 6600 K (Photospheric depth = ~400 km Sunspot cycle = 11.4 yr Motn. rel to nrby strs= apex : R Speed: 1 Motn. rel to 2.73K BB = apex : U Speed: 3 Motn. rel to 2.73K BB = apex : U Speed: 3	Sun 10 16, 2014): 4004193938 Mass (10^30 kg) ~ 1.988544 ^5) km Angular diam at 1 AU = 1919.3" ^5) km Mean density = 1.408 g/cm^3 /s^2 Moment of inertia = 0.059 m/s Adopted sidereal per = 25.38 d 63.87 Obliquity to ecliptic = 7 deg 15' /m^2 Solar lumin.(erg/s) = 3.846(10^33) 2 gm/s) Effective temp (K) = 5778 bottom) Surf. temp (photosphr)= 4400 K (top) Chromospheric depth = ~2500 km Cycle 22 sunspot min. = 1991 A.D. A=271 deg; DEC=+30 deg 9.4 km/s = 0.0112 AU/day =264.7+-0.8; b=48.2+-0.5 69 +-11 km/s
Status window:	
Download table data Status window:	

If the selected feature is not on the solar disc but off the limb, selection of the rotation profile will be disabled and the ephemeris calculation will assume that the feature is co-rotating with Earth i.e. appearing in the same place as viewed from Earth.

Finally, the height of the selected feature can be specified in kilometers. Selecting the desired profile will automatically fill the height field with a typical value.

After specifying the desired observation parameters, an ephemeris file for the ALMA Observing Tool can be generated by clicking "Generate ephemeris" button. This file will be displayed in text box below and can be easily downloaded by clicking "Download table data". Two more buttons are available just for user convenience, "Show original JPL file" will display the JPL Horizons file with solar center coordinates for ALMA center of the array, while "Show ephemeris table" will generate a formatted table of ephemeris data.

How it works

ALMA Solar Ephemeris Generator uses JPL Horizons service for high precision solar ephemeris. It sends a request to JPL Horizons service with parameters specified in Observation and uses the received data to calculate offsets from the solar center for the selected feature. Then it transforms everything into equatorial J2000.0 Ra-Dec frame. Coordinates of the Sun are astrometric J2000

coordinates from JPL Horizons for the ALMA center of array. Atmospheric refraction is not taken into account. Physical ephemeris of the Sun (P, B0, L0) used in the calculation are also from JPL Horizons specified for ALMA center of array.

Notes

Warnings

The ephemeris should not be older than 2 days from the reference image because of the unpredictable nature of solar features. If the ephemeris is older than 2 days, the tool with display a warning in the Status window. This can happen in two ways: either the reference image is to old (please select the latest SDO/AIA image or use a newer image) or the observation is scheduled to far ahead (see the note on the precision for more information).

If the feature is close to the limb, it could happen that it will move behind in the selected time. The ephemeris will then be invalid and a warning will be displayed in the Status window.

Precision

Precision in calculated HPC x,y is ~0.2 arcsec. This is due to the precision of the input solar angles B0, L0 which are given to 0.01 degrees by JPL Horizons and many almanacs. In the worst case scenario (Earth at perihelion, feature on the disc center) 0.01 deg error in heliographic coordinates corresponds to 0.17 arcsec in HPC coordinates.

When calculating RA-Dec offsets, solar P angle affects its precision. P is given as 0.0001 in JPL Horizons, so it adds ~0.002 arcsec for 1000 arcsec from the solar disc. If it is given as 0.01, the error rises to 0.17 arcsec and the total error is ~0.4 arcsec. For a reference, 12m ALMA antenna has a beam size of 26 arcsec at 240 GHz (Band 6).

However, features on the Sun are carried by differential rotation, meridional motions and other velocity fields that are not known. In addition, the features evolve, change appearance. All this significantly affects the precision, much more than errors in the angles given above. They accumulate over time so it is not possible to accurately predict positions of the features in more than few days.

Mirror links

- <u>http://www.asu.cas.cz/~skokic/alma/CoordTool.html</u>
- <u>http://celestialscenes.com/alma/coords/CoordTool.html</u>

Version history

v0.6, 2016 Dec 05

- + New text interface for manual input of pointing coordinates as HPC(x,y) with a reference date.
- + Added mosaic info into output ephemeris.
- + Added solar parameters info to output ephemeris.
- * Text areas are now readonly.
- * Default step size changed from 20 to 15 minutes.
- * Default observation end time changed from 1 day to 2 days after observation start date.

v0.5, 2016 Nov 28

- + Added mosaic observation for illustration purposes only.
- + Added status window for errors/warnings.
- + Hints added on some controls.
- + Support for 64-bit float FITS files.
- * More SDO/AIA channels available in the drop-down menu.
- * More ALMA channels for beam size visualization.
- * Better handling on touch enabled devices.
- * Better handling of table data download.
- * Minor code refactorings.
- ! Using mouse scroll to zoom in/out on image also scrolled the entire page.
- ! Loading local files finally works.
- ! When seconds were 0 in start time for ephemeris,

```
e.g. 2016-11-23T12:23:00, no ephemeris was generated.
```

v0.4, 2016 Apr 13

- + Off the limb pointing is now possible (differential rotation is not applied in this case).
- + The last user selected (latest) 193 AIA image is saved locally and loaded as default.
- ! Generated ephemeris table: julian day calculation was off by one month.

```
v0.3, 2016 Mar 03
```

- + Ephemeris file: info about selected position, image source, etc., embedded as comment fields in header.
- ! Ephemeris file: declination coordinates, leading zero was missing.
- ! Ephemeris file: comment lines trimmed to 80 chars.
- ! Ephemeris file: cleaned unnecessary fields in the last line.
- ! Fixed parsing string keywords with comments in FITS files.
- * Changed calculation for the heliographic coords to include height before differentially rotating.

v0.2, 2015 Dec 13

- + Ephemeris file: option to download generated file directly.
- + Display ALMA 12 m dish beam in selected bands.
- + Display coordinate grid (helioprojective and heliographic).
- + Manual input of position (pixel, helioprojective, Stonyhurst, Carrington).
- + User specified rotation profile.
- + Generate table of ephemeris info.

v0.1, 2015 Apr 23 + Initial release (beta).

Legend:

- + new feature
- removed feature
- * update/change
- ! corrected bug
- ? known issue

Acknowledgements

- 1. ALMA, http://www.almaobservatory.org
- 2. ESO, http://www.eso.org
- 3. Czech ARC node Ondřejov, http://www.asu.cas.cz/alma
- 4. AIA synoptic images courtesy of NASA/SDO and the AIA, EVE, and HMI science teams.
- 5. jsFITS, JavaScript FITS library, https://github.com/slowe/jsFITS

- 6. JPL Horizons, http://ssd.jpl.nasa.gov/horizons.cgi
- 7. Joint Science Operations Center (JSOC), <u>http://jsoc.stanford.edu</u>
- 8. Hvar Observatory, <u>http://oh.geof.unizg.hr</u>
- 9. Kanzelhöhe Observatory, <u>http://www.kso.ac.at/</u>

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